933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

Report on the acute toxicity test

of CGA 329351 techn. (Enantiomer of CGA 48988)

to Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Study Director

CIBA-GEIGY Ltd.

Product Safety Ecotoxicology

CH-4002 Basel / Switzerland

Test Guideline

OECD - Guideline No.: 203, Paris 17/07/92

Limit test, static system

Study completed

(day/month/year)

01/12/94

Sponsor

CIBA-GEIGY Ltd

PP - Division

CH-4002 Basel / Switzerland

represented by

Project No. of Sponsor

: 933718

This report contains 17 pages.

European Registration Dossier Dossier File N°: 8.2.1/6

Ciba File Nº: 329351/25

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Test No.:

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

Proprietary Information

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

Certification of GLP and Verification of the Report

(Certification of Good Laboratory Practice and Verification of a Complete and unaltered Copy of the Report by the sponsor)

The Statement of Compliance with Good Laboratory Practice found on this page of this report, and signed by the Study Director is truthful and accurate. This report as provided by the testing facility is complete and unaltered.

For the Sponsor: Dr.

Dr. 5.1.2 e We

Signature

5.1.2.e Wae

Date: ...29......94

Statement of Compliance with Good Laboratory Practices

This study has been performed in compliance with Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) in Switzerland, Procedures and Principles, March 1986 (Verfahren und Grundsätze der Guten Laborpraxis (GLP) in der Schweiz), issued by the Swiss Federal Department of the Interior and the Intercantonal Office for the Control of Medicaments. These procedures are in essence consistent with:

- OECD Principles of Good Laboratory Practice (Council Decision 81/30, adopted on May 12, 1981, and the OECD Recommendation 83/95 concerning the 'Mutual Recognition of Compliance with Good Laboratory Practice', adopted on July 26, 1983).
- United States Environmental Protection Agency, Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 160 (FIFRA); Federal Register, August 17, 1989.
- United States Environmental Protection Agency, Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 792 (TSCA); Federal Register, August 17, 1989.
- Japan Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, NohSan, Notification No. 3850, Agricultural Production Bureau, August 10, 1984.

Study Director

Dr. 5.1.2.e W

Signature

...

Date: 28/11/99...

933718

Test No.:

CGY 353321 Test substance:

Reserved for flagging statements

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Quality Assurance Statement

Ciba-Geigy Ltd., Toxicology Services, Quality Assurance (GLP), 4002 Basel

Project 933718

CGA 329351 Test Substance

Acute toxicity test of CGA 329351 techn. (Enantiomer of CGA 48988) to Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) Study Title

Study Director

QA-Inspector

I hereby certify that the following Quality Assurance activities were performed:

Activity of the state of the st	Performed 2. And	Reported
Facility Inspection	March 07, 1994	April 14, 1994
Facility Inspection 2	May 05, 1994	May 09, 1994
	May 30, 1994	May 31, 1994
Study Related Inspection	June 10, 1994	June 10, 1994
Final Report Audit	November 29, 1994	December 01, 1994

December 08, 1994 Date Form, OSSTAT12

Inspector Quality Assurance

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

Table of contents

Page Proprietary information 2 Statement of compliance with GLP 3 Reserved page for Flagging Statement 4 Quality Assurance Statement 5 1. Summary 7 7 2. Introduction 8 8 2.1. Purpose 8 8 2.2. Guideline 8 2.3. Deviations 8 8 2.4. Testing facility 8 8 2.5. Archives 8 8 2.6. Personnel 9 9 2.7. Dates 9 2.8. Distribution 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9			Page
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:		Proprietary information	2
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:		Statement of compliance with GLP	3
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:		Reserved page for Flagging Statement	4
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:		Quality Assurance Statement	5
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	1.	Summary 2 Chullelling Charles	7
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	2.	Introduction	8
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	2.1.	Purpose.	8
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	2.2.	Guideline 6	8
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	2.3.	Deviations The Country of the Countr	6 8
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	2.4.	Testing facility	8 4
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	2.5.	Archives to the top to the state of the stat	80, 0
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	2.6.	Personnel Los on the South Toursey on Cir.	9 6
2.8. Distribution 3 3. Materials and Methods 10 3.1. Test substance 10 3.2. Test system / species 10 3.3. Design and procedure 11 3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	2.7.	Dates his Subject on Shall A his Soil to	9, 00,
3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	2.8.	Distribution	09 60 0
3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	3.	Materials and Methods	10
3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	3.1.	Test substance	10
3.4. Stock solution 11 3.5. Test concentrations 11 3.6. Observations 12 3.7. Measurements 12 3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	3.2.	Test system / species	(10)
3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	3.3.	Design and procedure	
3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	3.4.	Stock solution	
3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	3.5.	Test concentrations	11
3.8. Calculations / statistical analysis 12 4. Results 13 4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	3.6.	Observations of the second of	12
4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	3.7.	Measurements	12
4.1. Values calculated 13 4.2. Values graphically determined 13 4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	3.8.	Calculations / statistical analysis	5 12
4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	4.	Results	13
4.3. Values observed 13 4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	4.1.	Values calculated	13
4.4. Controls 13 4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	4.2.	Values graphically determined	
4.5. Time / Toxicity curve 13 4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	4.3.	Values observed	
4.6. Conclusion 13 5. Tables 14-15 Appendix:	4.4.	Controls	
5. Tables 14 - 15 Appendix:	4.5.	Time / Toxicity curve	
Appendix:	4.6.	Conclusion	
" "	5.	Tables	14 - 15
Analysis report on test no 933718, CGA 329351 16 - 17			
	Analysi	is report on test no 933718, CGA 329351	16 - 17

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

1. Summary

Study:

Determination of LC 50 (96 h):

Concentration at which 50% of the fish population died.

Test system:

Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Duration:

96 hours

Guideline:

OECD - Guideline No.: 203, Paris 17/07/92

Limit test, static system

Deviations:

Mean length of fish: 59 mm (55-61 mm) due to season.

Test substance:Identification Code:

CGA 329351

Batch No.:

KGL 4634/6

Purity:

97.3 %

Design:

Test concentration nominal: 100 mg test substance/l (limit test)

After the preparation of the test concentration and an equilibration time of 5 hours, 7 fish were exposed in each concentration and control (3 and 4 fish per 20 l glass aquaria containing 15 l of test solution). The temperature was maintained constant at 15°C and the oxygen content between 87 and 100% of saturation value. The pH was 7.7-8.2.

Results:

Measured test concentrations at the beginning and the end of the exposure period ranged from 94 to 94% of the nominal concentration. Values are therefore based on nominal concentrations. The test substance appeared homogeneously distributed in the test vessel at all test times.

LC 50 (96 h)	>100 mg/l
Confidence limits	none none
MODO (001)	Tis Cup Cup on Common of

NOEC	(96 h)	2 2 100 mg/l
LC 0	(96 h)	100 mg/l
LC 100	(96 h)	: >100 mg/l

No mortality occured at the concentration tested and no sublethal effects were observed.

Conclusion:

With reference to the 7th Amendment to Directive 67/548/EEC, i.e. Directive 92/32/EEC, the ecotoxicological classification of CGA 329351 is "not toxic to fish".

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

2. Introduction

2.1. Purpose: At the request of the sponsor an acute toxicity study was

conducted. This report describes the experimental techniques and the results obtained in this study to determine the acute toxicity of the test substance on fish.

Results from pretests for this study or studies not fulfilling the validity criteria are not reported but

documented in the raw data.

2.2. Guideline: OECD - Guideline No.: 203, Paris 17/07/92

Limit test, static system

2.3. <u>Deviations</u>:

- Guideline

Mean length of fish: 59 mm (55-61 mm) due to season

2.4. Testing Facility: CIBA-GEIGY Ltd.

Product Safety Ecotoxicology

R-1066.P.

CH-4002 Basel) Switzerland

2.5. Archives: CIBA-GEIGY Ltd.

R-1066.1.42 CH-4002 Basel

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

2.6. Personnel

· Study director:

5.1.20 Woo

Date:

te: *.01.[12.] 94*

Analytical scientist contributing to this report:

Dr. 5.1.2 e VVoc

Date: 2 Dec. 1994

· Test Facility Management:

pr. 5.1.2.e Woo

Date: 5-72-59

Technical personnel:

5.1.2; Wood 5.1.2; Wood (principal coworker)

₹.1.2.eᢀ/yoo,

The job descriptions and the summaries of training and professional experience for all personnel participating in this study are archived in the test facility.

2.7. <u>Dates:</u>

Begin of test (Study plan):

27/05/94

(d/m/y)

30/05/94

Experimental start: Experimental end:

25/11/94

Study completed:

see page 1

2.8. <u>Distribution</u>: Sponsor

Archives

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

3. Materials and Methods

3.1. Test substance

Identification Code :

CGA 329351

Generic/Trade name:

Batch No.:

KGL 4634/6

Appearance:

yellow liquid

Purity:

97.3 %

Solubility (in water)

Received:

28/02/94

Storage:

room temperature

Stability:

/02/98

3.2. Test system / species

Fish: Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Supplier: / CH-4314 Zeiningen

Number of fish: 7 per concentration and control.

3/4 per aquarium.

Length (mean) 59 mm (55 - 61 mm) based on 7 fish

Weight (mean) 1.70 g (1.41 - 1.94 g) based on 7 fish

Loading 0.40 g/l

Feeding: None

Adaptation: 24 hours / no food 24 hours prior to exposure

Acclimatization: 33 days

Treatment: None

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

3.3 Design and procedure

Vessels:

Glass aguaria of 20 liters filled with 15 liters

(36/22/25 cm).

Procedure:

Limit test, static system

Water:

Dechlorinated tap water (carbon filter)

Hardness:

182 mg CaCO₃/I

Temperature:

15°C

Aeration:

Gentle aeration during exposure

Lighting:

Fluorescent light, 16 hours daily

Duration:

96 hours

3.4 Stock solution

3.01 g test substance were mixed with and made up to 1000 ml with water.

3.5. Test concentrations

Nominal:

100 mg test substance/I (limit test)

Controls:

Blank:

Dechlorinated tap water

Remarks:

Calculated amounts of the stock solution to produce the desired test concentrations were given into the water and were homogeneously distributed. After an equilibration time of 5 hours the fish were transfered

into the aquaria (begin of exposure).

The test substance appeared homogeneously distributed in the test vessels at all test times.

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

Sampling

for analysis:

Composite samples of each test concentration were drawn by mixing identical volumes of the test

solutions taken from the approximate center of the test vessels. They were taken immediately before test vessels. They were taken minimum the exposure and after 96 hours exposure and kept

at -18°C to -22°C until analysis.

3.6. **Observations**

Mortality was recorded after 2-4, 24, 48, 72 and 96 hours exposure and is given on table 1.

The fish were examined daily for the symptoms listed on table 2.

Measurements

The oxygen content, pH and temperature were measured at 0, 24, 48, 72 and 96 hours. For the values see table 3.

Description of analytical determination of test substance concentration in Appendix.

3.8.

None

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

4. Results

Measured test concentrations at the beginning and the end of the exposure period ranged from 94 to 94% of the nominal concentration (see Appendix). Values are therefore based on nominal concentrations. The test substance appeared homogeneously distributed in the test vessel at all test times.

4.1. Values

: >100 n._ : none : >100 mg/l : none >100 mg/l :>10c : none :>100 mg/l · none LC 50 (96 h) Conf. limits LC 50 (72 h) Conf. limits LC 50 (48 h) Conf. limits LC 50 (24 h) Conf. limits

Values graphically determined

LC 50 (96 h)

: not determined

Values observed 4.3.

NOEC (96 h) $:100~\mathrm{mg/l}$ LC 0 (96 h) >100 mg/I LC 100 (96 h)

No mortality occured at the concentration tested and no sublethal effects were observed.

4.4. Controls

Mortalities in blank

4.5. Time / Toxicity curve

Due to the results obtained, no time / toxicity curve is available.

4.6 Conclusion

With reference to the 7th Amendment to Directive 67/548/EEC, i.e. Directive 92/32/EEC, the ecotoxicological classification of CGA 329351 is "not toxic to fish".

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

5. Tables

<u>Table 1</u> Mortalities (Initial number of fish: 7 per test concentration)

Conc. nominal		Langer Ryan	Mortali Number of c		
mg/I	2-4 h	24 h	48 h	72 h	96 h
Blank 100	0	ind Other of		Chron Och hor	0

<u>Table 2</u> Symptoms observed

Conc.			imm navid		33	97	· .	ss of libriur		9/3		espira functio				Exop	htha	lmus	300	200	Pigm	ien tat	ion	6
mg/l	2-4	24	-	72	96	2-4	-92	~/_	2 90	5/2	2-4 2	4 48	72	96	2-4	24	48	72	96	2-4	24	48	72 9	6 ћ
Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0 0	190	0 (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0
100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0 0	S	00 (0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00

1: light symptoms

2: moderate symptoms

3: severe symptoms

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

Table 3 Measurements

Conc.		0 h			24 h		11,00	48 h	De lis			72 h		****		96 h	
nominal mg/l	T °C	pН	O2 %	T 420	pH	O2 %	T On C	рĦ	02 %	chell	T °C	pН	O2 %	••	T °C	pН	02 %
Blank 100	15 15	7.7 7.7	99 97	15 15	7.9 8.0	87 95	The doctor of the late of the	8.1 8.2	97 95	n tech	15 15	8.2 8.2	96 96		15 15	8.1 8.2	100 100
T: Temper	ature	900	The s	CUMEN	Ś	%	no Long	Unen C		Crech Con	Ten te	0000	Cholica	Col	SCA	2	
Conto		onso ons		narbe	202	The second		0,000	CUM	o inhole	3/91	ling wilding	ONIA.	USIC!	0,10	o de la companya de l	6 SC
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				on on			Chilling Control	3. 6		Will by	000	1000		300	1/3	200	2000
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933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

Appendix:

Crop Protection/Residue Analysis

Basel/Switzerland

ANALYSIS REPORT ON TEST NO. 933718 CGA 329351

(PROJECT NO. OF SPONSOR: 933718 WATER

DETERMINATION OF CGA 329351 IN WATER SPECIMENS FROM ACUTE TOXICITY TEST TO RAINBOW TROUT

1. DESCRIPTION OF SPECIMENS

Refer to protocol of project. Arrival of specimens: 20 Jun 1994. Storage: at -20°C until analysis. Analysis: 29 Sep 1994.

2. ANALYTICAL METHOD

General Analytical Method for Test Substances Used for Ecotoxicity Studies*, Residue Analysis,

Calculations according to General Calculation Method REM 119.04.

Mustrate or the method: HPLC with UV detection; the injected specimen is preconcentrated and precisaned on a short column (C_{12}) and then transferred onto the analytical HPLC column (C_{12}). The substance is eluted with water-acetonitrile (65 vol. + 35 vol.) and detected at 240 nm.

Details of the method:

Details of the method:
The HPLC system is equipped with a short column (1 cm length, 4 mm i.d., packed with Nucleosil 100 C₁₈ 5 µm), a switching valve and an analytical column (12 cm length, 4 mm i.d., packed with Nucleosil 100 C₁₈ 5 µm). 1 mL of the water specimen (appropriately diluted with water if necessary) is injected and transferred onto the short column, where it is preconcentrated and precleaned by washing with water. By means of the switching valve and water-acetonitritie (65 vol. + 35 vol.) as the mobile phase the substance is eluted from the short column and transferred onto the analytical column, from where it is eluted by the mobile phase and detected with an UV detector at 240 nm. CGA 329351 is used as the reference substance.

Quantitation: by alternate injections of water specimens and of reference substance solutions. Interpolation by method of weighted least squares of peak heights, regression of 1²¹ order. From the measured contents of CGA 329351 the corresponding values of the test product were calculated (the product contains 97.3% CGA 329351). CGA 329351).

The procedure was checked with recovery experiments at two spike levels. 4.5 ml of the control specimen was spiked with 0.5 ml of an appropriate standard solution of CGA 329351 in water.

Proprietary information of CIBA-GEIGY Ltd. Not to be disclosed to third parties without previous consent of CIBA-GEIGY Ltd.

933718

Test substance:

CGA 329351

Appendix continued:

Ciba Tes; No. 935718

Basel/Switzerland page 2 of 2

3. RESULTS

specimen de	scription	nominal conc. CGA 329351 techn. [mg/L]	conc. found CGA 329351	conc. found (corr.) CGA 329351 techn, [mg/L]	conc. found (corr.) relative to conc. nominal				
05 Jun 94	0 h	100	94.3	93.6	94				
10 Jun 94	96 h	100	94.5	93.8	94				
06 Jun 94	0 h	control	<1.00	<0.99	5. 6. 5				
10 Jun 94	96 h	control	I <1.00 ○	<0.99	0 7,- 6				

Remarks:

Remarks:
- conc. found (corr.): these results are corrected for an average recovery of 103.5 %.

Recoveries:
Spike level 2.0 mg/L CGA 329351 (2.1 mg/L CGA 329351 techn.): 103%
Spike level 8.0 mg/L CGA 329351 (8.2 mg/L CGA 329351 techn.): 104 %

Distribution: Dr. study cirector)

Original report and raw data in archives of Residue Analysis, PP 2.53.

