



As bumble bees are not considered under current EU pesticides law (see the future plans at paragraph 18 below), it is more difficult to assess the significance of the findings of the **Whitehorn et al** study. It may be significant that the control bees consumed nectar and pollen whereas the treatment bees were given a different diet of treated pollen and sugar water. The key question for this study is how far it illuminates the likely real situation at field level - are the exposure and the resulting effects seen under normal conditions?

Taking the **Pettis et al** study at face value it can be concluded that exposure to imidacloprid may result in higher levels of *Nosema*. The following points require consideration in trying to interpret this study: whether factors such as exposure are in line with field situations; the significance at the colony level; the variability of *Nosema* spore count appears to be high; and the use of bulked and uneven samples. In order to determine if there is a real concern regarding the risk to honey bees that may be infected with *Nosema* from the consumption of pollen/nectar treated food, it would be necessary to carry out studies under more realistic conditions.

The **Lu et al** study does not raise new concerns in respect of the impact of neonicotinoids on bees. The doses chosen are unrealistically high for exposure of bees from treated flowering crops; the food source chosen is not in significant use in the UK and the residues used are not related to any assessment of those actually present; and it is not clear whether the effects seen are in fact similar to those of Colony Collapse Disorder (which is, in any case, not encountered in the UK).

CRD's overall conclusion was that the studies identify issues but do not justify the imposition of further restrictions on neonicotinoids at this stage. Rather, the findings to date call for continuing investigation and the development of the regulatory risk assessment process. CRD's analysis was fed into the subsequent examination by the ACP.

Met vriendelijke groeten / Best regards,

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Science For A Better Life

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